

# King's Hill Primary School



## Geography Policy 2022 – 2023

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# **1. Curriculum Statement**

## **Intent**

### **Understanding the world – Early Learning Goal**

#### **People, Culture and Communities**

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.
- Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and maps.

The **national curriculum** for geography aims to ensure that all pupils:

- Develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places – both terrestrial and marine – including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes
- Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time.
- Are competent in the geographical skills needed to:
  1. Collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical processes
  2. Interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS)
  3. Communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length.

The programmes of study involves our pupils exploring the relationship and interactions between people and the environments in which they live and upon which they and all life on Earth depends. The many opportunities and challenges that will arise during their lifetime will be very much about geography at personal, national and global scales. What we intend pupils to learn in geography reflects this throughout the curriculum.

The aim is that children will have a desire to achieve the highest levels of success through providing them with opportunities to excel. Enquiries are sequenced to ensure that pupils can build on previous knowledge and understanding as they tackle more complex and

demanding enquiries. The complexity of the subject knowledge becomes progressively more challenging as pupils move throughout the school.

When teaching geography at King's Hill, we intend to provide a curriculum, which is inclusive of all pupils irrespective of specific learning needs. Children are provided with different learning environments and alternative learning activities, enabling them to become successful both in school and in their future working lives.

## **Implementation**

At King's Hill Primary School, geography is taught from Early Years up to Year Six. In Early Years, the children experience a combination of adult led and child initiated activities. Small group work is carried out which teaches, hooks and interests the children, followed by child-initiated activities, which enable children to demonstrate the knowledge they have gained. Children's understanding is deepened through a 'natural, independent, consistent, embedded' approach. Geography is led through the teaching of stories and songs, enabling children to explore different environments. The learning environment provides children with opportunities to further deepen this understanding in the role play and small world areas. In 2 year olds the focus starts with the child and their own environment, exploring their own home, moving into nursery where they begin to explore the school environment. In reception they develop a more skills based approach, looking at the world map, atlas and learning about different countries.

In Key Stages 1 and 2, geography is taught as part of the connected curriculum. As a school we selected 3 key drivers to provide a steer for what we do:

- **Community;** At King's Hill we develop the children's understanding and sense of pride in the community, we encourage the children and families to be proud of our school and positively promote our achievements. We want children to become positive and proactive members of not only the school but also the community we live in. Children are encouraged to participate and contribute to school life widely. This key driver for geography, enables our children to embrace the school and the local area.
- **Knowledge of the world;** We support children in understanding the world around them on a local, national and international level so that they gain greater perception of the world and its complexities. Living in such a diverse community, we recognise that many families have strong links within the local area and other countries around the world. This opens children's mind to different cultures and traditions around the world. The passion to explore the world around them will hopefully, be instilled in them.
- **Possibilities;** At King's Hill we open children's minds to new possibilities so they can develop aspirational attitudes and understand how to achieve their goals. We aim to embed a lifelong interest of geography into the children, which they carry with them

into secondary school and further. This deepened interest is something that potentially may influence their choice of career later in life.

Geography is taught exclusively as Geography, following the Connected Geography scheme, for three half terms each academic year. An enquiry based approach is used with lessons focused on an overall enquiry question, broken down into an ancillary question for each week. Geography and history are mapped out through the connected curriculum, alternating between geography and history. The curriculum provides children with a 'knowledge rich' approach to teaching and learning.

Progression statements show a clear progression map for geography across the school. It is clear to see how each geography theme builds up on the previous year and how skills are developed. Children's progress is assessed at the end of each enquiry, identifying if the child is working towards, working at or working at greater depth. The relevant statements are highlighted for each individual child.

Throughout the teaching of geography, cultural capital is continuously developed. It is embedded within the main drivers of the curriculum; community, knowledge and possibilities. Cultural capital is defined as the accumulation of knowledge, behaviours, and skills that a student can draw upon and which demonstrates their cultural awareness, knowledge and competence; it is one of the key ingredients a student will draw upon to be successful in society, their career and the world of work. Children have the opportunity to learn about the area in which they live and compare this to another country in the world; learning about different cultures both within and outside of our community. As a school we make a conscious effort to visit the local community at every possible opportunity, as well as ensuring other educational visits to develop their understanding of the world.

### **Impact**

Each enquiry which forms our programme of learning and teaching in geography sets clear objectives and outcomes for the pupils in terms of knowledge and understanding and skills acquisition. We ensure that when assessing our pupils' evidence is drawn from a wide range of sources to inform the process including interaction with pupils during discussions and related questioning, day to day observations, practical activities such as model making and role play drama, the gathering, presentation and communication of fieldwork data and writing in different genres. The outcomes of each enquiry informs the teacher's developing picture of the knowledge and understanding of each pupil and to plan future learning accordingly. The outcomes build an emerging picture of what the pupil knows, understands and can do.

At the end of each year a summative judgement is made about the achievement of each pupil against the subject learning goals for geography in that year. A judgement is then made as to whether the pupil has achieved and embedded the expected learning goals, exceeded expectations or is still working towards the goals. This decision draws upon the professional knowledge and judgement that teachers possess about the progress of each

pupil, developed over the previous three terms which allows an informed and holistic judgement of attainment to be made. Achievement against the learning goals for geography at the end of the year is used as the basis of reporting progress to parents.

## **2. Teaching and Learning**

A typical lesson following Connected Geography lasts for approximately 1 hour. Geography is taught weekly during the afternoon for three half terms an academic year. Each Geography enquiry has an overarching enquiry question, broken down into an ancillary question for each week. This enquiry based approach enables pupils to achieve higher order outcomes by interrogating information and applying skills from one context to another. The overarching enquiry questions relate to topics, places, themes and issues questions that are relevant to the present day. The key question enquiry structure adopts the approach of initially identifying where the pupils are in terms of their experience or knowledge of the focus of the enquiry. They are then supported to complete a number of ancillary question investigations to progress their understanding.

## **3. Assessment**

Pupils receive effective feedback throughout lessons and at the end of each unit of work. Teachers focus on techniques of questioning and observation to assess pupils' acquisition of knowledge and understanding and the development of their geographical skills. Teachers successfully adapt lessons to meet the learning needs of all pupils and ensure any misconceptions that may occur, are addressed within the lessons. Pupils are provided with opportunities to review their learning as they progress through the unit of work and at the end of a unit. At the end of each Geography enquiry unit, teachers assess pupils against the assessment criteria, using the range of sources of evidence that pupils have produced, to support their teacher assessment judgements.

Pupils are assessed as either working towards, expected or exceeding. Within each unit of work and the use of a range of ancillary questions that form the unit of study, there is scope for pupils of a higher ability to demonstrate their depth of knowledge and understanding.

To support accuracy in teacher assessment and the judgements made, moderation takes place across the school and between year groups regularly. We expect all pupils to work towards gaining the geographical knowledge and skills required, by the end of KS1 and KS2. At the end of the year, pupil outcomes inform future school/subject priorities.

## **4. Planning & Resources**

Connected Geography supports teachers in planning a geography topic. Each unit of work is mapped out across the half term, with one lesson taught each week. Usually each unit will consist of six key questions, where a unit covers more than six, the most appropriate ancillary questions will be planned for, professional judgement is required to ensure that the most relevant geography knowledge and skills are chosen. At the start of each unit a curriculum

overview is created, this is displayed in the children's book. This curriculum overview shows the connected curriculum and ensures that the pupils can also see their learning journey.

When planning for each lesson, the key aspects of each lesson may need to be selected. It is vital that pupils gain geography skills, such as map work to provide them with relevant skills for the future. Planning includes high levels of geographical vocabulary so that pupils are able to become confident in talking about geography.

Across the school classes are resourced with a variety of resources to support the children's learning. This includes; globes, maps, age appropriate atlases, digimaps (an online map and ordnance survey website), Connected Geography also provides high quality photographs, maps, tables linked to each ancillary question. Years 2-6 have Chromebooks for each child, this enables ICT to be incorporated into the lesson; online map work, research, inputting data.

## **5. Organisation**

The school has implemented a blocked curriculum approach to the teaching of geography and history. This ensures pupils are taught a full unit of work. The term 'topic' has been removed and the terms Geography and History have been introduced. The term Geography helps to raise the profile across school, ensuring pupils are clear on what Geography is.

## **6. EYFS**

In Early Years, geography is carefully planned for and incorporated into the new curriculum, providing children with rich learning opportunities. Children are provided with different opportunities to experience geography, which they thoroughly enjoy. It is taught through a combination of adult led and child initiated activities. The pupil's first experience of geography starts with the child. Pupils learn about themselves and the local area. Children are introduced to geography skills at an early age, such as looking at a globe, and beginning to talk about the local area.

As children move into reception, they start to develop their geography knowledge, skills and language. Children develop the skills to draw simple maps and follow simple directions. They begin to look at other countries, making comparisons as well as looking at the weather. Children develop their geographical vocabulary and begin to ask questions. They develop their ability to express their own opinions about the weather and places that they like. They begin to learn about different geographical features of places.

## **7. KS1 and KS2**

In KS1 and KS2 geography is taught through the 2014 National Curriculum. Connected Geography, has been carefully selected as it seeks to identify the most relevant and meaningful aspects of the suggested subject content of the National Curriculum in geography to explore in depth. Each enquiry includes detailed subject content knowledge, as well as guidance on

approaches to learning and teaching to adopt inside and outside of the classroom to achieve the best subject outcomes.

Connected geography is outcome focused and progressively more challenging for Years 1–6 and reflect what it means for a pupil to get better at geography. It aims for pupils to not only extend their knowledge of the subject but to also have space and time to develop as geographers. Important subject knowledge is implicit in each enquiry but this is balanced with adequate time and opportunity for pupils to master key subject skills and outcomes by ‘doing less better’. This ensures progression in both the complexities of content and in terms of pupils applying their knowledge to achieve higher order outcomes as they move through the programme. The progression reflects the increasing mastery of the subject.

### **Key Stage 1**

We challenge and support pupils to carry out a number geographical investigations through the Connected Geography learning programme. This is to enable them to use and apply basic and appropriate subject vocabulary, subject tools (including maps, aerial photographs and graphical data and fieldwork skills) to recognise, identify, describe, observe, reason and begin to explain in simple terms the interaction of people with their environments.

### **Key Stage 2 (Years 3 and 4)**

Learning and teaching builds on the geographical knowledge and understanding, skills and attitudes outcomes at Key Stage 1. Pupils make progress through being provided with opportunities to reach explanations and reach conclusions about topics, places and issues they have studied through the Connected Geography learning programme. Another important aspect of geography at Key Stage 2 (Years 3 and 4) is that our pupils begin to see the world through the perspective of different stakeholders i.e. people and things that have an interest in or our connected to an issue or place.

To this end, we challenge and support pupils to undertake geographical investigations, which enable them to use and apply appropriate and increasingly specialised subject vocabulary, They use subject tools (such as satellite imagery and GIS) and fieldwork skills to recognise, identify, describe, observe, reason, explain and reach basic conclusions about the interaction of people with their environments.

### **Key Stage 2 (Years 5 and 6)**

Connected Geography focuses on topics and big questions that extend the pupils’ subject skills so that they are able to make judgements about things they learn both from their own personal perspective and through empathising with the position of others. Opportunities are provided for pupils to evaluate what they have learned and how they have learned it and to come up with their own questions to investigate. Higher outcomes in geography involve pupils being able to apply what they have learned in one context to another and to understand concepts as well more discrete areas of knowledge, which they learned and understood e.g. being aware of the fact that a seaside beach is only one example of how the land meets the sea and that ‘coast’ (a concept or generalised set of information) refers to anywhere where the land meets the sea which may be a beach but also could well be a cliff, port, estuary, mud flat or marsh. To achieve this during Key Stage 2 (Years 5 and 6) we challenge and support our pupils to undertake Connected Geography investigations which enable them to use and apply specialised subject vocabulary, subject tools (such as GIS) and



fieldwork skills to recognise, identify, describe, observe, reason, explain, reach conclusions and make judgements, evaluate, apply and hypothesise about the interaction of people with their environments.

When following the scheme of work, teachers must make their professional judgement to adapt and select the most appropriate activities for pupils. Activities must be selected which provide pupils with the most appropriate geographical skills, for example selecting lessons which link to the local area and prioritising fieldwork and map work opportunities.

## **8. Equal Opportunities and Inclusion**

The school is committed to ensuring the active participation and progress of all pupils in their learning. All pupils will be given equal opportunities to achieve their best possible standard, whatever their current attainment and irrespective of gender, ethnic, social or cultural background, home language or any other aspect that could affect their participation or the progress of which they are capable.

Therefore our programme of study for geography is inclusive in terms of delivering the same curriculum to all of our pupils irrespective of specific learning needs or disabilities and differentiating where necessary through, for example, in class support, providing different learning environments, alternative learning activities and assessment outcomes.

## **9. Role of the Geography Lead**

The Geography lead will:

- Work to raise the profile of geography at King's Hill through best practice. They will provide support as required as part of the staff members continued professional development.
- Ensure classroom environments are conducive to learning, through effective use of displays and accessibility and availability of resources
- Involve the school in 'celebrations' of geography.
- Monitor progression and continuity of geography throughout school through learning walks and regular monitoring of planning and outcomes of work in geography books.
- Ensure that all staff have access to year group enquiries and the relevant resources which accompany them.
- Organise, audit and purchase geography resources.
- Keep up to date on current developments in geography education and disseminate information to colleagues.
- Ensure that all staff have access to professional development including observations of outstanding practice in the subject.

## **10. Parental Involvement/Home Links**

At King's Hill we recognise that parents and carers have a valuable role to play in supporting their child's geographical learning.

- An overview of the connected curriculum are readily available on the website.
- Progress in geography is communicated in written school reports.
- A half termly letter informing parents of their child's geography learning is sent home.

*To be reviewed July 2024*